report of the campaign in the Carolinas, said: "Generals Robertson, Harrison and Ashby, Colonels Crews, Cook and Pointer, are disabled from wounds received in the same manner." This phrase referred to one which he had just previously made in the report, in which he had given a list of generals whom he had seen "twice wounded while most nobly carrying out my orders upon the field." About this time, and before the final capitulation of General Johnston, Colonel Crews was promoted to brigadier-general. He does not appear to have taken part in public life after the war, and died at his home in Cuthbert, Georgia, where he had practiced his profession as a physician.

Hon. Albert Deleware Meador. Among the leaders in the honorable profession of law in Newton County, Georgia, is Hon. Albert Deleware Meador of Covington, who is now serving his second term as judge of probate. On both sides, paternal and maternal, Mr. Meador can boast of good heredity. The Meador family reunion, held at Covington in 1914, brought together 150 members of the family, the original members being all over eighty years of age, but still hale and hearty, and all prominent and honored citizens in their respective localities. Still more worthy of notice is the fact that in the entire history of the family there has not occurred a single divorce, nor has any member—man, woman or child—ever been indicted for a crime or tried as a law breaker. The male members of the family have been universally faithful types of the chivalrous and honorable southern gentleman, while the women have been noted for their virtue, refinement, hospitality, and all those domestic graces which embellish and sanctify the home. Of the maternal branch of our subject's family, the Yanceys, the same can be said in equal measure.

That branch of the Meador family under present consideration was founded in Georgia by John Meador, grandfather of Albert D., who settled in Wilkes County early in the nineteenth century. He was a native of Bedford County, Virginia, and was a millwright by trade, being engaged during his active life in the construction of mills, gins and other similar structures. He served as a soldier in the War of 1812 and was prominent in local politics as a member of the whig party. He married Sarah Bostwick, a daughter of Azariah and Nancy (Heard) Bostwick, her mother being a direct descendant of the famed Heard family of Wilkes County, Georgia. After their marriage they settled in Morgan County, this state, where she died in 1864. John Meador survived his wife about eleven years, dying in 1875 at the age of eighty-four. They were the parents of a large family, numbering fourteen children, as follows: Thomas; Charles; Martha, who married Thomas A. Posey and is now living at the age of eighty-eight years in Walton County; John B., now eighty-five years old; Mary, who married Thomas Smith and is living at the age of eighty-three; Josephus, now eighty-two years old; Nancy, who first married Jay Rogers, after his death becoming the wife of Tip Lewis, and who died in 1909 at the age of seventy-four; Robert N., who died in Texas; Deleware, who was one of the organizers of the Sixteenth Georgia Battalion of Cavalry, served under General Morgan and was killed in service at Winchester, Tennessee; Henry B., who is engaged in farming in Newton County; Rufus N., a carpenter and joiner, also engaged in farming in Newton County, who is now sixty-eight years old; Isaac Williamson, county commissioner of Newton County.

Josephus Meador, who was the sixth child of his parents, was born in 1833 and is still living, a prominent, highly respected and influential citizen. His occupation since early manhood has been that of farming, in which he has been eminently successful. Like almost every southern gentleman, he gave his loyal support to the Confederacy, helping to organize the Sixteenth Company Georgia Battalion, and taking part in General Morgan's famous twenty-seven days' raid into Ohio. For over fifty years he has been a member

